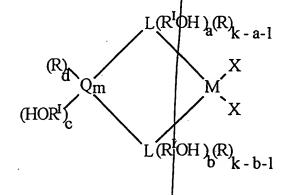
subel

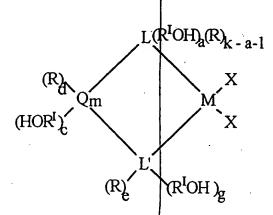
1. (amended twice) A heterogeneous catalytic component obtained by reacting a porous inorganic support with a metallocene compound, wherein the metallocene compound is defined by formula I, II, or III:

 $(LR_k)_z[LR_{k-f}(R^IOH)_f]MX_y$ 

I,



 $\mathbb{T}$ , or



wherein:

the L groups are equal to or different from each other, wherein each L is selected from the group consisting of: cyclopentadienyl, indenyl, tetrahydroindenyl, fluorenyl, octahydrofluorenyl, and benzoindenyl;

-3-

each  $\bf R$  is independently hydrogen, linear or branched  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkyl, linear or branched  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cy $\phi$ loalkyl, linear or branched  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl, linear or branched  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl, linear or branched  $C_7$ - $C_{20}$  arylalkyl, linear or branched  $C_7^{\dagger}-C_{20}$  alkylaryl, linear or branched  $C_8-C_{20}$  arylalkenyl, or a group  $SiR^{II}_3$ , wherein the  $C_1-C_{20}$ alkyl, the  $C_3-C_{20}$  cycloalkyl, the  $Q_6-C_{20}$  aryl, the  $C_3-C_{20}$  alkenyl, the  $C_7$ - $C_{20}$  arylalkyl, the  $C_7$ - $C_{20}$  alkylaryl, and the  $C_8$ - $C_{20}$ arylalkenyl are optionally substituted with 1 to 10 halogen atoms;

the RI groups are equal to or different from each other, wherein each RI is a divalent alighatic or aromatic hydrocarbon group containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, optionally containing from 1 to 5 heteroatoms of groups 14 to 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, and optionally containing boron;

each Q is independently B, C, Si, Ge, or Sn;

M is a lanthanide, an actinide, or a metal of group 3, 4, or 10 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

each X is independently hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, ORII,  $NR^{II}_{2}$ ,  $C_{1}$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl, or  $C_{6}$ - $C_{20}$  aryl

each  $\mathbf{R^{II}}$  is independently linear or branched  $\mathbf{C_1}\mathbf{-C_{20}}$  alkyl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  cycloalk $\psi$ 1, linear or branched  $C_6-C_{20}$ aryl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  alkenyl, linear or branched  $C_7-C_{20}$ 

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arylalkyl, linear or branched C7-C20 arylalkenyl, or linear or
branched C_7-C_{20} alkylaryl;
    L' is N or 0;
    when L is cyclopentadienyl, k is equal to 5; when L is
indenyl, \mathbf{k} is equal to 7; when \mathbf{L} is fluorenyl or benzoindenyl, \mathbf{k}
is equal to 9; when L is tetrahydroindenyl, k is equal to 11; and
when L is octahydrofluorenyl, k is equal to 17;
     z is equal to 0, 1, or 2;
     \mathbf{x} is equal to 1, 2, or 3;
     y is equal to 1, 2, or 3;
     x + y + z is equal to a valence of M;
     \mathbf{m} is equal to 1, 2, 3 or 4;
     a is an integer whose \forallalue ranges from 0 to k-1;
     b is an integer whose \sqrt{alue} ranges from 0 to k-1;
     f is an integer whose value ranges from 1 to \mathbf{k};
     g is equal to 0 to 1;
     c is equal to 0 or 1;
     e is equal to 0 or 1;
```

sub E1

5. (amended three times) A heterogeneous catalytic component according to claim 1 wherein the inorganic support is previously treated with alumoxane or trialkylaluminum.

when  $\mathbf{Q}$  is C, Si, Ge, or Sn, then  $\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} = 2$ ;

a + b + c is at least 1;
a + g + c is at least 1;
d is equal to 0, 1, or 2;

when Q is B, then c + d = 1;

when  $\mathbf{L'}$  is N, then  $\mathbf{g} + \mathbf{e} = 1$ ; and when  $\mathbf{L'}$  is O, then  $\mathbf{g} = 0$  and  $\mathbf{e} = 0$ .

sub ES

6. (amended twice) A heterogeneous catalytic component obtained by reacting an alumoxane or a trialkylaluminum with a metallocene

compound defined by formula I, II, or III:

Sub E5

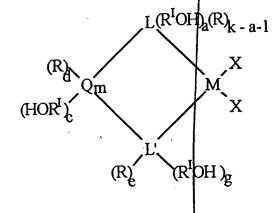
 $(LR_k)_z[LR_{k-f}(R^IOH)_f]_xMX_y$ 

I,

Cont

 $L(R^{I}OH)_{a}(R)_{k-a-1}$  X  $L(R^{I}OH)_{c}(R)_{k-b-1}$ 

 $\Pi$ , or



 $\frac{111}{2}$ 

wherein:

the L groups are equal to or different from each other, wherein each L is selected from the group consisting of: cyclopentadienyl, indenyl, tetrahydroindenyl, fluorenyl, octahydrofluorenyl, and benzoindenyl;

-6-

each **R** is independently hydrogen, linear or branched  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkyl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  cycloalkyl, linear or branched  $C_6 C_{20}$  aryl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  alkenyl, linear or branched  $C_7 C_{20}$  arylalkyl, linear or branched  $C_7$ - $C_{20}$  alkylaryl, linear or branched  $C_8$ - $C_{20}$  arylalkenyl, or a group  $SiR^{II}_3$ , wherein the  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkyl, the  $C_3-C_{20}$  cycloalkyl, the  $C_6-C_{20}$  aryl, the  $C_3-C_{20}$  alkenyl, the  $C_7-C_{20}$  arylalkyl, the  $C_7-C_{20}$  alkylaryl, and the  $C_8-C_{20}$ arylalkenyl are optionally substituted with 1 to 10 halogen atoms;

the RI groups are equal to or different from each other, wherein each RI is a divalent aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon group containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, optionally containing from 1 to 5 heteroatoms of groups 14 to 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, and optionally containing boron;

each Q is independently B, C, Si, Ge, or Sn;

M is a lanthanide, an actinide, or a metal of group 3, 4, or 10 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

each X is independently hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, ORII,  $NR^{II}_{2}$ ,  $C_{1}$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl, or  $C_{6}$ - $C_{20}$  aryl;

each  $\mathbf{R^{II}}$  is independently linear or branched  $C_1-C_{20}$  alkyl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  cycloalkyl, linear or branched  $C_6-C_{20}$ aryl, linear or branched  $C_3-C_{20}$  alkehyl, linear or branched  $C_7-C_{20}$ arylalkyl, linear or branched  $C_7-C_{20}$  arylalkenyl, or linear or